Herd SCC Analysis Form--Using Herd Summary

Herd Name:			
1. Herd Totals: In Somatic Cell count	Dairy Comp; Under (s.	On-Farm, Econ, An	alyze Bulk Tank
Test Date:	No. Cows:	Lbs. Of M	filk:
	Bulk tank SCC from _	# Cows.	SCC without those
from the Herd Sumr	s, total pounds of milk mary report. The perce on the SCC Flex Repo	nt of contribution to t	the bulk tank from the
C	tus: From the Herd S tatus, Current vs. Las		the Section called
A%	Over 200,000 (Add C	Chronics and New Inf	fections) Goal < 20%
	New In general, 4-5% he new infection	6 will lower herd SCO	C, 8-10% will stay
rate is>15%,	the SCC will rise in he	erd.	
C% Chron	nics Goal < 15%		
D% Cures	Goal is to have more	cures than new infect	tions.
From Yearly SCC	Summary; % Infecte	ed by DIM	
Lact	<30	30-220	>220
1			
2			
3+			

All

3. Fresh Cow Analysis: Use the Herd Summary; Production Section for B and C
A% Infected on first test (From above chart, All cows<30 DIM—Note: If a herd doesn't test on a monthly basis the first test may be later than 30 DIM) Goal <20-25%.
BLast test # Fresh infections divided by # Fresh Cows (Compare recent tests to yearly average)
CTwo tests ago # Fresh infections divided by # Fresh Cows
4. Dry infection status compared to freshening:
From the Herd Summary Report, in the Section called Changes in SCC Status, Fresh vs. Last Dry Off
APercent Infected at dryoff (%Cures + % Chronics)
B Percent cured during dry period (% Cures divided by % Infected at dryoff) Goal>50%
CPercent New Infections Goal <10-15%
DPercent Chronics
EPercent Infected at freshening (New Infections + Chronics) Goal < 25%
5. Yearly trend:
From the Quality section in the Production Averages on the Herd Summary Report.
Is the average LGSCC rising, declining, seasonal, up and down? Goal<3.0 ~ 2.5 is achievable.